

School Zone Flashing Lights Electricity Cost

The lights are powered from a 12V transformer that plugs into a power point in the house. The lights are either 100mm or 200mm depending on the size of the sign. Maximum annual electricity cost is 80c for 100mm lights or \$1.12 for 200mm lights.

Lights

The lights are LED based. The 100mm lights draw 0.65A of current at 12V = 8W. The 200mm lights draw 1A of current = 12W.

Only one light is on at a time. When on, the lights strobe 50% on and 50% off. Total running time is therefore one light for 1.5 hours per day.

There are 12 weeks of holidays per year leaving 40 weeks of school = 200 school days per year.

$8W \times 1.5 \text{ hours per day} \times 200 \text{ days per year} = 2400 \text{ Watt Hours} = 2.4 \text{ KWH pa. (100mm)}$.

$12W \times 1.5 \text{ hours per day} \times 200 \text{ days per year} = 3600 \text{ Watt Hours} = 3.6 \text{ KWH pa. (200mm)}$.

Electricity currently costs a maximum of 27 cents per KWH (avg. of morning shoulder rates and afternoon peak rates).

$2.4 \times 27c = 65c$ per year for the 100mm lights.

$3.6 \times 27c = 97c$ per year for the 200mm lights.

Computer Controller

The lights are driven by a computer controller that is always on.

The controller draws 6mA of current at 12V = 0.072W.

$0.072W \times 24 \text{ hours} \times 365 \text{ days} = 630 \text{ Watt Hours} = 0.63 \text{ KWH per year}$.

$0.63 \times 22 \text{ cents} = 14 \text{ cents per year}$.

GPS Satellite Receiver

There is a GPS satellite receiver in the controller that obtains the time and date from the satellites once an hour.

The GPS draws 80mA of current at 12V = 1W. It is turned on for 10 seconds per hour or 240 seconds per day = 0.066 hours per day.

$1W \times 0.066 \times 365 \text{ days} = 25 \text{ Watt Hours} = 0.025 \text{ KWH per year}$.

$0.025 \times 22 \text{ cents} = 1 \text{ cent per year}$.

Total operating cost = 80c p.a. (100mm lights) or \$1.12 p.a. (200mm lights)